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1886 in the United States

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1885

Events from the year 1886 in the United States.

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Incumbents

Federal Government

- President: Grover Cleveland (D-New York)
- Vice President: vacant
- <u>Chief Justice</u>: <u>Morrison Waite</u> (Ohio)
- Speaker of the House of Representatives: John G. Carlisle (D-Kentucky)
- Congress: 49th

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1886 →

1887

in

Governors

- Governor of Alabama: Edward A. O'Neal (Democratic) (until December 1), Thomas Seay (Democratic) (starting December 1)
- Governor of Arkansas: Simon Pollard Hughes, Jr. (Democratic)
- Governor of California: George Stoneman (Republican)
- Governor of Colorado: Benjamin Harrison Eaton (Republican)
- Governor of Connecticut: Henry B. Harrison (Republican)
- Governor of Delaware: Charles C. Stockley (Democratic)
- Governor of Florida: Edward A. Perry (Democratic)
- Governor of Georgia: Henry D. McDaniel (Democratic) (until November 9), John B. Gordon (Democratic) (starting November 9)
- Governor of Illinois: Richard J. Oglesby (Republican)
- Governor of Indiana: Isaac P. Gray (Democratic)
- <u>Governor of Iowa</u>: <u>Buren R. Sherman</u> (<u>Republican</u>) (until January 14), <u>William Larrabee</u> (<u>Republican</u>) (starting January 14)
- <u>Governor of Kansas</u>: John A. Martin (Republican)
- Governor of Kentucky: J. Proctor Knott (Democratic)
- Governor of Louisiana: Samuel D. McEnery (Democratic)
- Governor of Maine: Frederick Robie (Republican)
- Governor of Maryland: Henry Lloyd (Democratic)
- Governor of Massachusetts: George D. Robinson (Republican)
- Governor of Michigan: Russell Alger (Republican)
- Governor of Minnesota: Lucius F. Hubbard (Republican)
- Governor of Mississippi: Robert Lowry (Democratic)
- Governor of Missouri: John S. Marmaduke (Democratic)
- Governor of Nebraska: James W. Dawes (Republican)
- Governor of Nevada: Jewett W. Adams (Democratic)
- Governor of New Hampshire: Moody Currier (Democratic)
- Governor of New Jersey: Leon Abbett (Democratic)
- Governor of New York: David B. Hill (Democratic)
- Governor of North Carolina: Alfred Moore Scales (Democratic)
- <u>Governor of Ohio</u>: <u>George Hoadly</u> (<u>Democratic</u>) (until January 11), <u>Joseph B. Foraker</u> (<u>Republican</u>) (starting January 11)
- Governor of Oregon: Z. F. Moody (Republican)
- <u>Governor of Pennsylvania</u>: <u>Robert E. Pattison</u> (Democratic)
- Governor of Rhode Island: George P. Wetmore (Republican)
- Governor of South Carolina:
 - until July 10: Hugh Smith Thompson (Democratic)
 - July 10-November 30: John Calhoun Sheppard (Democratic)
 - starting November 30: John Peter Richardson III (Democratic)
- Governor of Tennessee: William B. Bate (Democratic)
- Governor of Texas: John Ireland (Democratic)
- Governor of Vermont: Samuel E. Pingree (Republican) (until October 7), Ebenezer J. Ormsbee (Republican) (starting October 7)
- <u>Governor of Virginia</u>: <u>William E. Cameron</u> (<u>Re-adjuster</u>) (until January 1), <u>Fitzhugh Lee</u> (<u>Democratic</u>) (starting January 1)

- Governor of West Virginia: Emanuel Willis Wilson (Democratic)
- Governor of Wisconsin: Jeremiah McLain Rusk (Republican)

Lieutenant Governors

- Lieutenant Governor of California: John Daggett (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Colorado: Peter W. Breene (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Connecticut: Lorrin A. Cooke (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Florida: Milton H. Mabry (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Illinois: John Smith (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Indiana: <u>Mahlon Dickerson Manson</u> (<u>Democratic</u>) (until August 3), vacant (starting August 3)
- Lieutenant Governor of Iowa: vacant (until January 14), John A. T. Hull (Republican) (starting January 14)
- Lieutenant Governor of Kansas: <u>Alexander P. Riddle</u> (<u>Republican</u>)
- Lieutenant Governor of Kentucky: James R. Hindman (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana: Clay Knobloch (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts: Oliver Ames (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Michigan: Archibald Buttars (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Minnesota: Charles A. Gilman (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Mississippi: G. D. Shands (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Missouri: Albert P. Morehouse (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Nebraska: Hibbard H. Shedd (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Nevada: Charles E. Laughton (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of New York: Edward F. Jones (Democratic) (starting January 1)
- Lieutenant Governor of North Carolina: Charles M. Stedman (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Ohio: John George Warwick (Democratic) (starting January 11) Robert P. Kennedy (Republican) (starting January 11)
- Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania: Chauncey Forward Black (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Rhode Island: Lucius B. Darling (political party unknown)
- Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina:
 - until July 10: John Calhoun Sheppard (Democratic)
 - July 10-November 30: vacant
 - starting November 30: William Mauldin (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Tennessee: Cabell R. Berry (Democratic) (until month and day unknown), Z.
 W. Ewing (Democratic) (starting month and day unknown)
- Lieutenant Governor of Texas: Barnett Gibbs (Democratic) (until January 18), Thomas B. Wheeler (Democratic) (starting January 18)
- Lieutenant Governor of Vermont: Ebenezer J. Ormsbee (Republican) (until October 7), Levi K. Fuller (Republican) (starting October 7)
- Lieutenant Governor of Virginia: John F. Lewis (Republican) (until January 1), John Edward "Parson" Massey (Democratic) (starting January 1)
- Lieutenant Governor of Wisconsin: Sam S. Fifield (Republican) (until January 3), George W. Ryland (Republican) (starting January 3)

Events

 February 6–9 – <u>Seattle riot of 1886</u>: Anti-Chinese sentiments result in riots in Seattle, Washington.

- February 14 The first train load of <u>oranges</u> leaves Los Angeles via the transcontinental railroad.
- March 17 Carrollton Massacre: 20 <u>African Americans</u> are killed in <u>Mississippi</u>.
- April 24 Father Augustine Tolton, the first Roman Catholic priest from the U.S. to identify himself publicly as <u>African</u> <u>American</u>, is ordained in <u>Rome</u>.
- May 1 A <u>general strike</u> begins in the United States, which escalates on May 4 into the <u>Haymarket affair</u> in Chicago and eventually wins the <u>eight-hour workday</u> in the U.S.
- May 8 Pharmacist Dr. John Stith Pemberton invents a carbonated beverage that will be named '<u>Coca-Cola</u>'.
- May 17 <u>Santa Clara County v. Southern Pacific Railroad</u>: The <u>U.S. Supreme Court</u> rules that <u>corporations</u> have the same rights as living persons.



October 28: Statue of Liberty dedicated.

- May 29 Pharmacist John Pemberton begins to advertise <u>Coca-Cola</u> (advertisement in the <u>Atlanta Journal</u>).
- June 2 U.S. President Grover Cleveland marries Frances Folsom in the White House, becoming the only president to wed in the executive mansion. She is 27 years his junior.
- June 9 The centennial of the <u>Stoughton Musical Society</u> is celebrated.
- July 23 <u>Steve Brodie</u> is reported to have made a jump from the <u>Brooklyn Bridge</u>, a claim subsequently disputed.
- August 20 A massive hurricane demolishes the town of Indianola, Texas.
- August 31 The 6.9–7.3 M_w <u>Charleston earthquake</u> affects southeastern South Carolina with a maximum <u>Mercalli intensity</u> of X (*Extreme*). Sixty people are killed and damage is estimated at \$5–6 million.
- September 4 <u>Indian Wars</u>: After almost 30 years of fighting, <u>Apache</u> leader <u>Geronimo</u> surrenders with his last band of warriors to General <u>Nelson Miles</u> at <u>Skeleton Canyon</u> in <u>Arizona</u>.
- October 28 In <u>New York Harbor</u>, U.S. President <u>Grover Cleveland</u> dedicates the Statue of Liberty.

Ongoing

• <u>Gilded Age</u> (1869–c. 1896)

Sport

 October 23 - American Association's St. Louis Browns win the First (Unofficial) <u>1886</u> <u>World Series</u> by defeating the <u>National League's Chicago White Stockings</u> 4 games to 2. Final game was played at <u>Sportsman's Park</u> in <u>St. Louis</u>, <u>Missouri</u>

Births

January 3 – John G. Fletcher, poet and author (died 1950)

- January 11 Chester Conklin, comic film actor (died 1971)
- February 27 Hugo Black, U.S. Senator from Alabama from 1927 to 1937 and Associate Justice of the U.S. Supreme Court from 1937 to 1971 (died 1971)
- March 7 Jessie Coles Grayson, African American contralto and film actress (died 1953)
- March 8 Edward Calvin Kendall, biochemist, recipient of the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1950 (died 1972)
- March 9 <u>Robert L. Eichelberger</u>, general (died <u>1961</u>)
- March 24 Edward Weston, photographer (died <u>1958</u>)
- April 3 <u>Dooley Wilson</u>, African American drummer, singer and actor (died <u>1953</u>)
- c. April 26 <u>Ma Rainey</u>, born Gertrude Malissa Nix Pridgett, African American blues singer (died <u>1939</u>)
- May 26 <u>Al Jolson</u>, entertainer (died <u>1950</u>)
- June 6 Tyler Brooke, actor and singer (died <u>1943</u>)
- October 30 <u>Zoë Akins</u>, dramatist (died <u>1958</u>)
- November 9 <u>Ed Wynn</u>, actor (died <u>1966</u>)
- December 5 <u>Rose Wilder Lane</u>, journalist and libertarian (died <u>1968</u>)
- December 9 <u>Clarence Birdseye</u>, founder of the modern frozen food industry (died <u>1956</u>)
- December 18 <u>Ty Cobb</u>, baseball outfielder (died <u>1961</u>)
- December 19 Charles M. Cooke, Jr., admiral (died 1970)
- December 25 Kid Ory, jazz trombonist and bandleader (died 1973)

Deaths

- January 13 Thomas Wakeman, founded the first Sioux Indian YMCA (born <u>1846</u>)
- January 22 James T. Farley, U.S. Senator from California from 1879 to 1885. (born 1829)
- January 26 <u>David Rice Atchison</u>, U.S. Senator from Missouri from 1844 to 1855 (born 1807)
- February 9 Winfield Scott Hancock, Civil War Union general and political candidate (born 1824)
- February 12 Horatio Seymour, 18th Governor of New York, Democratic Party nominee for President of the United States in the presidential election of 1868 (born 1810)
- March 8 John Franklin Miller, U.S. Senator from California from 1881 to 1886 (born 1831)
- March 9 Jerome B. Chaffee, U.S. Senator from Colorado from 1876 to 1879 (born 1825)
- March 13 <u>Austin Flint</u>, co-founder of <u>Buffalo Medical College</u> and president of the American Medical Association (born <u>1812</u>)
- April 27 <u>H. H. Richardson</u>, architect (born <u>1838</u>)
- May 15 <u>Emily Dickinson</u>, poet (born <u>1830</u>)
- May 21 <u>Stephen Pearl Andrews</u>, anarchist and proponent of <u>pantarchy</u> (born 1812)
- June 26 <u>David Davis</u>, U.S. Senator from Illinois from 1877 to 1883 (born <u>1815</u>)

- July 16 <u>Ned Buntline</u> (Edward Zane Carroll Judson Sr.), publisher, dime novelist and publicist (born <u>1821</u>)
- August 4 <u>Samuel J. Tilden</u>, 25th Governor of New York from 1875 to 1876 and 1876 Democratic presidential candidate (born <u>1814</u>)
- August 5 <u>Robert Allen</u>, Union army brigadier general (born <u>1811</u>)
- August 10 John W. Stevenson, U.S. Senator from Kentucky from 1871 to 1877 (born 1812)
- August 30 Ferris Jacobs, Jr., politician (born <u>1836</u>)
- October 10 <u>David Levy Yulee</u>, U.S. Senator from Florida from 1845 to 1851 and from 1855 to 1861 (born <u>1810</u>)
- November 18 <u>Chester A. Arthur</u>, 21st <u>President of the United States</u> from 1881 to 1885, 20th <u>Vice President of the United States</u> from March to September 1881 (born 1829)
- November 21 Charles Francis Adams Sr., United States Minister to the United Kingdom, son of John Quincy Adams (born 1807)
- December 26 John A. Logan, U.S. Senator from Illinois from 1871 to 1877 (born 1826)

See also

Timeline of United States history (1860–1899)

External links

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