1888 in the United States

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Eisenhower Executive Office Building, built in 1888 in Washington, DC

Incumbents

Federal Government

- President: Grover Cleveland (D-New York)
- Vice President: vacant
- Chief Justice: Morrison Waite (Ohio) (until March 23),
 Melville Fuller (Illinois) (starting October 8)
- Speaker of the House of Representatives: John G. Carlisle (D-Kentucky)
- Congress: 50th



Barthrop House in Port Townsend, Washington, built in 1888

Governors and Lieutenant Governors

Governors

- Governor of Alabama: Thomas Seay (Democratic)
- Governor of Arkansas: Simon Pollard Hughes, Jr. (Democratic)
- Governor of California: Robert Waterman (Republican)
- Governor of Colorado: Alva Adams (Democratic)
- Governor of Connecticut: Phineas C. Lounsbury (Republican)
- Governor of Delaware: Benjamin T. Biggs (Democratic)
- Governor of Florida: Edward A. Perry (Democratic)
- Governor of Georgia: John B. Gordon (Democratic)
- Governor of Illinois: Richard J. Oglesby (Republican)
- Governor of Indiana: Isaac P. Gray (Democratic)
- Governor of Iowa: William Larrabee (Republican)
- Governor of Kansas: John A. Martin (Republican)
- Governor of Kentucky: Simon B. Buckner (Democratic)
- Governor of Louisiana: Samuel D. McEnery (Democratic) (until May 20), Francis T. Nicholls (Democratic) (starting May 20)
- Governor of Maine: Sebastian Streeter Marble (Republican)
- Governor of Maryland: Henry Lloyd (Democratic) (until January 11), Elihu Emory Jackson (Democratic) (starting January 11)
- Governor of Massachusetts: Oliver Ames (Republican)
- Governor of Michigan: Cyrus G. Luce (Republican)
- Governor of Minnesota: Andrew R. McGill (Republican)
- Governor of Mississippi: Robert Lowry (Democratic)
- Governor of Missouri: Albert P. Morehouse (Democratic)
- Governor of Nebraska: John Milton Thayer (Republican)
- Governor of Nevada: Charles C. Stevenson (Republican)
- Governor of New Hampshire: Charles H. Sawyer (Republican)
- Governor of New Jersey: Robert Stockton Green (Democratic)
- Governor of New York: David B. Hill (Democratic)
- Governor of North Carolina: Alfred Moore Scales (Democratic)
- Governor of Ohio: Joseph B. Foraker (Republican)
- Governor of Oregon: Sylvester Pennoyer (Democratic)
- Governor of Pennsylvania: James A. Beaver (Republican)
- Governor of Rhode Island: John W. Davis (Democratic) (until May 29), Royal C. Taft (Republican) (starting May 29)
- Governor of South Carolina: John Peter Richardson III (Democratic)
- Governor of Tennessee: Robert Love Taylor (Democratic)
- Governor of Texas: Lawrence Sullivan Ross (Democratic)
- Governor of Vermont: Ebenezer J. Ormsbee (Republican) (until October 4), William P. Dillingham (Republican) (starting October 4)
- Governor of Virginia: Fitzhugh Lee (Democratic)
- Governor of West Virginia: Emanuel Willis Wilson (Democratic)
- Governor of Wisconsin: Jeremiah McLain Rusk (Republican)

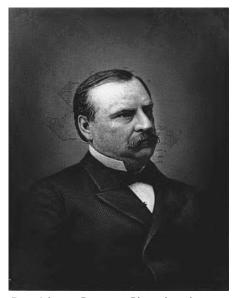
Lieutenant Governors

- Lieutenant Governor of California: Stephen M. White (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Colorado: Norman H. Meldrum (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Connecticut: James L. Howard (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Florida: Milton H. Mabry (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Illinois: John Smith (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Indiana: vacant
- Lieutenant Governor of Iowa: John A. T. Hull (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Kansas: Alexander P. Riddle (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Kentucky: James William Bryan (political party unknown)
- Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana: Clay Knobloch (Democratic) (until month and day unknown),
 James Jeffries (Democratic) (starting month and day unknown)
- Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts: John Q. A. Brackett (political party unknown)
- Lieutenant Governor of Michigan: James H. MacDonald (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Minnesota: Albert E. Rice (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Mississippi: G. D. Shands (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Missouri: vacant
- Lieutenant Governor of Nebraska: Hibbard H. Shedd (Republican)
- <u>Lieutenant Governor of Nevada</u>: Henry C. Davis (political party unknown) (until month and day unknown), Samuel W. Chubbuck (political party unknown) (starting month and day unknown)
- Lieutenant Governor of New York: Edward F. Jones (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of North Carolina: Charles M. Stedman (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Ohio: Silas A. Conrad (Republican) (until January 9), William C. Lyon (Republican) (starting January 9)
- Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania: William T. Davies (Republican)
- Lieutenant Governor of Rhode Island: Samuel R. Honey (political party unknown) (until May 29),
 Enos Lapham (political party unknown) (starting May 29)
- Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina: William Mauldin (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Tennessee: Z. W. Ewing (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Texas: Thomas B. Wheeler (Democratic)
- <u>Lieutenant Governor of Vermont: Levi K. Fuller (Republican)</u> (until October 4), <u>Urban A. Woodbury</u> (Republican) (starting October 4)
- Lieutenant Governor of Virginia: John Edward "Parson" Massey (Democratic)
- Lieutenant Governor of Wisconsin: George W. Ryland (Republican)

Events

- January 12 "Schoolhouse Blizzard": Blizzards hit Dakota Territory, the states of Montana, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Texas, leaving 235 dead, many of whom are children on their way home from school.
- January 13 The National Geographic Society is founded in Washington, D.C.
- February 27 In <u>West Orange</u>, <u>New Jersey</u>, <u>Thomas Edison</u> meets with <u>Eadweard</u> Muybridge, who proposes a scheme for sound film.
- March 8 The Agriculture College of Utah, (later <u>Utah State University</u>) is founded in Logan, Utah.
- March 11 The "Great Blizzard of 1888" begins along the East Coast of the United States, shutting down commerce and killing more than 400.
- March 25 Opening of an international Congress for Women's Rights organized by Susan B. Anthony in Washington, D.C., leading to formation of the International Council of Women, a key event in the international women's movement.

- May 1 Fort Belknap Indian Reservation is established by the United States Congress.
- May 5 The International Association of Machinists is founded in Atlanta, Georgia.
- June 3 <u>Ernest Thayer's baseball</u> poem "<u>Casey at the Bat</u>" is first published (under the pen name "Phin") as the last of his humorous contributions to <u>The San Francisco Examiner</u>.
- June 19 The Republican Convention opens at the Auditorium Building, Chicago. Benjamin Harrison and Levi Morton win the nominations for <u>President</u> and Vice President, respectively.
- July 25 Frank Edward McGurrin, a court stenographer from Salt Lake City, Utah, purportedly the only person using touch typing at this time, wins a decisive victory over Louis Traub in a typing contest held in Cincinnati, Ohio. This date can be called the birthday of the touch typing method that becomes widely used.



President Grover Cleveland, photo circa 1888, loses his reelection campaign this year, but is re-elected in 1892.

- August 10 <u>Lynching of Amos Miller</u>: 23-year-old
 African American farmhand Amos Miller is hanged by a mob from the balcony of Williamson County Courthouse (Franklin, Tennessee).
- August 25 William Seward Burroughs patents the adding machine.
- September 4 Eastman Kodak Company founded by George Eastman.
- September 8 <u>President of the United States Grover Cleveland</u> declares the Chinese "impossible of assimilation with our people and dangerous to our peace and welfare" (in a letter accepting renomination for the office of President).
- October 9 The Washington Monument officially opens to the general public in D.C.
- November 6 1888 United States presidential election: Democratic Party incumbent Grover Cleveland wins the popular vote, but loses the Electoral College vote to Republican challenger Benjamin Harrison, therefore losing the election.
- November 27 The sorority <u>Delta Delta Delta</u> is founded at <u>Boston University</u>.
- November 29 Celebration of Thanksgiving and the first day of Hanukkah coincide.

Undated

- The <u>Baldwin School</u> is founded in <u>Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania</u>, as "Miss [Florence] Baldwin's School for Girls, Preparatory for Bryn Mawr College".
- G. D. Searle is founded as a pharmaceutical company, originally in Omaha, Nebraska.
- Katz's Delicatessen is founded in the Lower East Side of Manhattan.
- New Mexico State University is founded in Las Cruces, New Mexico.

Ongoing

Gilded Age (1869-c. 1896)

Sport

- October 25 The New York Giants clinch their First National League Championship series with an 11–3 win over the St. Louis Browns. The final 2 games will be played for revenue purposes with St. Louis winning both contests for an overall series result of 6 games to 4 in favor of the Giants.
- November 24 Yale wins the Consensus College Football National Championship

Births

- January 1 John Garand, inventor and designer of the M1 Garand (died 1974)
- c. <u>January 20</u> Huddie William Ledbetter (<u>Lead Belly</u>), <u>folk</u> and <u>blues</u> singer (died 1949)
- February 22 <u>Owen Brewster</u>, U.S. Senator from Maine from 1941 to 1952 (died 1961)
- February 25 <u>John Foster Dulles</u>, U.S. Secretary of State from 1953 to 1959 (died 1959)
- March 4 Knute Rockne, American football player and coach (died 1931)
- March 10 <u>Ilo Wallace</u>, <u>Second Lady of the United States</u> as wife of <u>Henry A. Wallace</u> (died 1981)
- March 26 Gerald Murphy, socialite (died 1964)
- March 29 James E. Casey, businessman and founder of UPS (died 1983)
- April 8 <u>Dennis Chávez</u>, U.S. Senator from New Mexico from 1935 to 1962 (died 1962)
- April 26 <u>Anita Loos</u>, writer (died <u>1981</u>)
- May 11
 - Irving Berlin, composer (died 1989)
 - Willis Augustus Lee, admiral and sport shooter (died at sea 1945)
- May 15 John E. Miller, U.S. Senator from Arkansas from 1937 to 1941 (died 1981)
- July 5 <u>Herbert Spencer Gasser</u>, physiologist, winner of the <u>Nobel Prize in Physiology</u> or Medicine in 1944 (died 1963)
- July 10 Hazel Abel, U.S. Senator from Nebraska in 1954 (died 1966)
- July 23 Raymond Chandler, novelist (died 1959)
- July 31 William Warren Barbour, U.S. Senator from New Jersey from 1931 to 1937 (died 1943)
- August 5 George W. Christians, founder of the Crusader White Shirts (died 1983)
- August 19 Sam G. Bratton, U.S. Senator from New Mexico from 1925 to 1933 (died 1963)
- September 2 Charles C. Gossett, U.S. Senator from Idaho from 1945 to 1946 (died 1974)
- September 6 <u>Joseph P. Kennedy, Sr.</u>, politician (died <u>1969</u>)
- September 26
 - J. Frank Dobie, folklorist and journalist (died 1964)

- <u>T. S. Eliot</u>, American-born poet, winner of the <u>Nobel Prize in Literature</u> in 1948 (died 1965 in the United Kingdom)
- October 7 <u>Henry A. Wallace</u>, 33rd <u>Vice President of the United States</u> from 1941 to 1945 (died 1965)
- October 16
 - <u>Eugene O'Neill</u>, dramatist, winner of the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1936 (died 1953)
 - Paul Popenoe, eugenicist (died 1979)
- October 30 Alan Goodrich Kirk, admiral (died 1963)
- November 17 <u>J. Melville Broughton</u>, U.S. Senator from North Carolina from 1948 to 1949 (died 1949)
- November 23 Harpo Marx, comedian (died 1964)
- December 18 Robert Moses, public works director (died 1981)

Deaths

- January 21 <u>Adolph Douai</u>, German-American socialist and abolitionist newspaper editor, journalist and teacher (born <u>1819</u>)
- February 8 Robert H. Anderson, infantry officer in the <u>United States Army</u> and brigadier general in the <u>Confederate States Army</u> (born 1835)
- February 11 William Kelly, inventor (born 1811)
- March 4 Amos Bronson Alcott, educator and writer (born 1799)
- March 6 Louisa May Alcott, author (born 1832)
- March 7 <u>Christopher Memminger</u>, German-born American politician, 1st Confederate States Secretary of the Treasury (born 1803)
- March 19 <u>John Pendleton King</u>, U.S. Senator from Georgia from 1833 to 1837 (born 1799)
- March 23 Morrison Waite, 7th Chief Justice of the Supreme Court (born 1816)
- April 18 Roscoe Conkling, leader of the <u>Stalwart</u> faction of the Republican Party (born <u>1829</u>)
- July 23 Williams Carter Wickham, lawyer, politician, and Confederate general (born 1820)
- August 14 <u>Charles Crocker</u>, railroad executive (born <u>1822</u>)
- August 16 <u>John Pemberton</u>, pharmacist and inventor of <u>Coca-Cola</u> (born <u>1831</u>)
- August 22 <u>Charles W. Cathcart</u>, U.S. Senator from Indiana from 1845 to 1853 (born 1809)
- October 16 <u>John Wentworth</u>, mayor of <u>Chicago</u> from 1857 to 1858 and 1860 to 1861 (born 1815)
- November 20 Nathaniel Currier, illustrator (born 1813)
- December 18 <u>Eagle Woman</u>, <u>Lakota</u> leader (born <u>1820</u>)

See also

■ Timeline of United States history (1860–1899)

External links

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